



Economic Growth Region 9

Statistical Data Report for February 2014, Released April 2014

Regional and State Unemployment (seasonally adjusted)

Regional and state unemployment rates were generally little changed in February. Twenty-nine states had unemployment rate decreases from January, ten states had increases, and eleven states and the District of Columbia had no change, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported. Forty-nine states and the District of Columbia had unemployment rate decreases from a year earlier and one state had no change. The national jobless rate, 6.7 percent, was little changed from January, but was 1.0 percentage point lower than in February 2013.

Rhode Island continued to have the highest unemployment rate among the states in February, 9.0 percent. North Dakota again had the lowest jobless rate, 2.6 percent. In total, Twenty-two states had jobless rates significantly lower than the U.S. figure of 6.7 percent, six states had measurably higher rates, and twenty-two states and the District of Columbia had rates that were not substantially different from that of the nation.



Economic Growth Region (EGR) 9

Bartholomew, Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Ripley, and Switzerland Counties.

Unemployment Rates by State, February 2014 (seasonally adjusted)

U.S. - 6.7%
Illinois - 8.7%
Indiana - 6.1%
Kentucky - 7.8%
Michigan - 7.7%
Ohio - 6.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor,
U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Unemployment Rank by County, February 2014 (high to low)

#22 - Jennings 8.2%
#26 - Franklin 7.6%
#30 - Dearborn 7.6%
#36 - Ohio 7.5%
#58 - Jefferson 6.4%
#63 - Decatur 6.2%
#81 - Switzerland 5.8%
#86 - Jackson 5.4%
#89 - Bartholomew 5.2%

Source: Indiana Dept. of Workforce
Development, Research and Analysis,
Local Area Unemployment Statistics

February 2014 Labor Force Estimates (not seasonally adjusted)						
Area	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Feb 2014 Rate	Jan 2014 Rate	Feb 2013 Rate
U.S.	155,027,000	144,134,000	10,893,000	7.0%	7.0%	8.1%
IN	3,180,313	2,961,746	218,567	6.9%	6.5%	8.6%
EGR 9	165,282	154,499	10,783	6.5%	6.3%	8.5%
Columbus MSA	41,822	39,663	2,159	5.2%	5.0%	7.0%
Bartholomew Co.	41,822	39,663	2,159	5.2%	5.0%	7.0%
Dearborn Co.	25,818	23,861	1,957	7.6%	7.3%	9.4%
Decatur Co.	13,298	12,477	821	6.2%	6.0%	8.8%
Franklin Co.	11,480	10,585	895	7.8%	7.9%	9.9%
Jackson Co.	21,415	20,251	1,164	5.4%	5.3%	7.0%
Jefferson Co.	16,336	15,294	1,042	6.4%	6.3%	8.1%
Jennings Co.	13,172	12,087	1,085	8.2%	7.9%	10.7%
Ohio Co.	3,149	2,913	236	7.5%	6.8%	9.0%
Ripley Co.	13,451	12,339	1,112	8.3%	8.0%	10.8%
Switzerland Co.	5,341	5,029	312	5.8%	5.5%	7.6%
Batesville	3,190	3,001	189	5.9%	6.2%	8.3%
Brookville	1,207	1,104	103	8.5%	9.4%	12.2%
Columbus	23,190	22,105	1,085	4.7%	4.6%	6.7%
Greensburg	5,892	5,586	306	5.2%	5.0%	7.6%
Lawrenceburg	2,259	2,067	192	8.5%	8.0%	11.4%
Madison	6,423	6,079	344	5.4%	5.4%	7.0%
North Vernon	2,964	2,739	225	7.6%	7.2%	11.3%
Seymour	9,064	8,583	481	5.3%	5.3%	7.1%

Unemployment Claims, February 2014

Economic Growth Region (EGR) 9

Initial Claims

February 1, 2014 – 334 (D)
February 8, 2014 – 229 (D)
February 15, 2014 – 200 (D)
February 22, 2014 – 161 (D)

Continued Claims

February 1, 2014 – 2,746
February 8, 2014 – 2,592
February 15, 2014 – 2,162
February 22, 2014 – 2,152

Total Claims*

February 1, 2014 – 3,080
February 8, 2014 – 2,821
February 15, 2014 – 2,362
February 22, 2014 – 2,313

State of Indiana

Initial Claims

February 1, 2014 – 6,923
February 8, 2014 – 5,458
February 15, 2014 – 4,967
February 22, 2014 – 3,882

Continued Claims

February 1, 2014 – 58,672
February 8, 2014 – 57,160
February 15, 2014 – 48,657
February 22, 2014 – 47,405

Total Claims*

February 1, 2014 – 65,627
February 8, 2014 – 62,636
February 15, 2014 – 53,637
February 22, 2014 – 51,287

*Total claims include EUC (Emergency Unemployment Compensation) and EB (State Extended Benefits). Please see www.hoosierdata.in.gov for additional information.

(D): Indicates one or more counties are excluded due to non-disclosure issues.

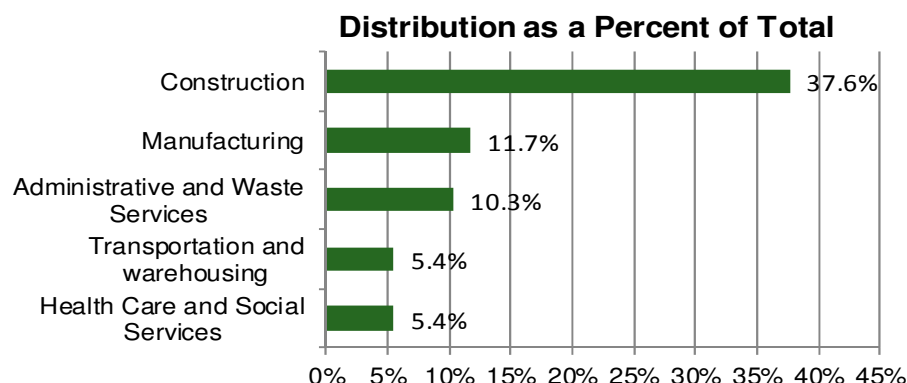
Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

Consumer Price Index (CPI-U Change), Unadjusted Percent Change to February 2014 from:				
CPI Item	Feb-13	Jan-14	Feb-13	Jan-14
	Midwest Region*		U.S. City	
All Items	0.9%	0.6%	1.1%	0.4%
Food & Beverages	1.6%	0.5%	1.4%	0.3%
Housing	2.1%	0.4%	2.5%	0.3%
Apparel	-0.2%	1.6%	-0.6%	1.0%
Transportation	-3.2%	0.8%	-2.2%	0.6%
Medical Care	2.9%	0.8%	2.3%	0.7%
Recreation	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%
Education & Communication	1.1%	0.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Other Goods & Services	2.6%	-0.1%	1.9%	0.2%

*Midwest region = Midwest Urban Average. Midwest Region includes Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota and Wisconsin

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Percentage of Unemployment Claims for Top Five Region 9 Industries, February 2014



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, UI Statistics

WARN Notices

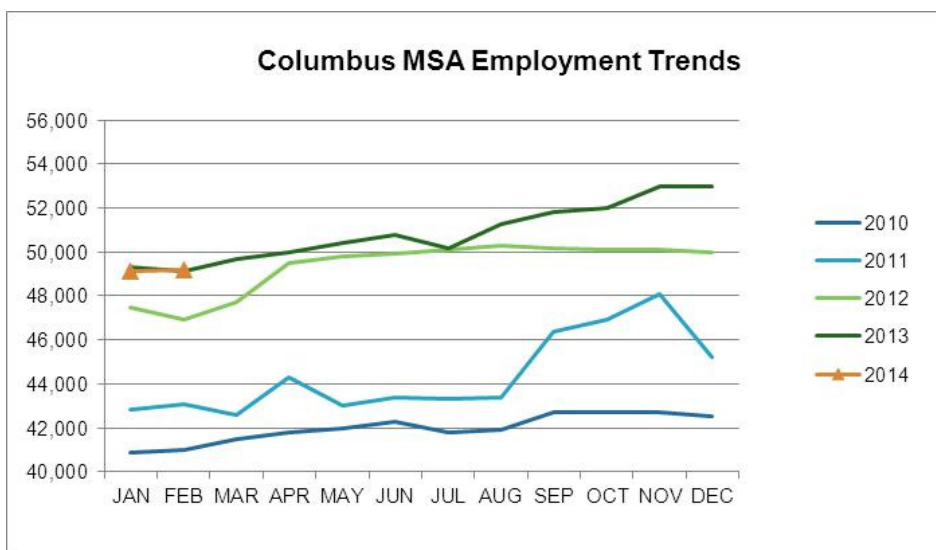
WARN Notices for Region 9 - February 2014				
Company	City	County	Affected Workers	Notice Date
In-Store Merchandising & HAD Inc	Statewide	Statewide	85	2/4/2014

For information on WARN Act requirements, you may go to the U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Fact Sheet:

<http://www.doleta.gov/programs/factsht/warn.htm>

Columbus Metropolitan Division Wage and Salaried Employment, February 2014							
				Number Change	Percent Change	Number Change	Percent Change
Industry	Feb-14	Jan-14	Feb-13	January-13 to February-14		February-13 to February-14	
Total Non-farm	49,200	49,100	48,000	100	0.2%	1,200	2.5%
Total Private	43,100	43,000	42,000	100	0.2%	1,100	2.6%
Goods Producing	19,500	19,400	19,000	100	0.5%	500	2.6%
Service-Providing	29,700	29,700	29,000	0	0.0%	700	2.4%
Private Service Providing	23,600	23,600	23,000	0	0.0%	600	2.6%
Mining, Logging and Construction	1,300	1,400	1,400	-100	-7.1%	-100	-7.1%
Manufacturing	18,200	18,000	17,600	200	1.1%	600	3.4%
Durable Goods	16,100	16,100	15,900	0	0.0%	200	1.3%
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	7,400	7,400	7,200	0	0.0%	200	2.8%
Retail Trade	4,500	4,500	4,400	0	0.0%	100	2.3%
Information	500	500	500	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Financial Activities	1,300	1,300	1,300	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Professional and Business Services	5,200	5,200	5,100	0	0.0%	100	2.0%
Education and Health Services	4,100	4,100	4,100	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Leisure and Hospitality	3,900	3,900	3,600	0	0.0%	300	8.3%
Other Services	1,200	1,200	1,200	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Government	6,100	6,100	6,000	0	0.0%	100	1.7%
Federal Government	200	200	200	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
State Government	1,200	1,200	1,100	0	0.0%	100	9.1%
Local Government	4,700	4,700	4,700	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Local Government Educational Services	2,000	2,000	1,900	0	0.0%	100	5.3%

Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics



Source: Indiana Dept of Workforce Development, Research and Analysis, Current Employment Statistics

Applicant Pool

Top 20 Occupations Desired by Active Applicants on Their Resumes in the Past 12 Months

- 1 Production Workers, All Other - 240
- 2 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other -229
- 3 Customer Service Representatives -196
- 4 Helpers--Production Workers - 146
- 5 Office Clerks, General -134
- 6 Administrative Services Managers -132
- 7 Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand - 112
- 8 Managers, All Other -108
- 9 Cashiers -101
- 10 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks -93
- 11 Nursing Assistants -89
- 12 First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers -85
- 13 Office and Administrative Support Workers, All Other -82
- 14 Accountants -76
- 15 Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive -75
- 16 Team Assemblers -70
- 17 Construction Laborers -64
- 18 Maintenance and Repair Workers, General -63
- 19 Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants -62
- 20 Receptionists and Information Clerks -62

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

Number of Children Without Health Insurance Declines, While It Rises for Working-Age Adults

(Excerpted from Census Bureau Reports: Thursday, March 13, 2014)

Between 2008 and 2012, the number of children under age 19 without health insurance declined in 1,171 counties and rose in 17, with 1,950 not having a statistically significant change, according to estimates released today by the U.S. Census Bureau. The number of working-age adults without health insurance rose in 494 counties, declined in 269 counties and did not have a statistically significant change in 2,375 counties.

These statistics come from the 2012 Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, the only source for single-year estimates of the number of people with health insurance for each of the nation's roughly 3,140 counties. The statistics are provided by broad age and sex groups, and at income levels that reflect thresholds for state and federal assistance programs. Statewide estimates also break out the data by race and Hispanic origin.

Nationally, according to the American Community Survey, an essential input to the health insurance estimates, the percentage of children under 19 without health insurance declined from 9.7 percent (7.5 million) in 2008 to 7.5 percent (5.8 million) in 2012, while the percentage for working-age adults rose from 19.4 percent (36.1 million) to 20.8 percent (39.8 million).

The health insurance statistics are provided for two income categories that are relevant to recent changes in federal law. One category is families with incomes less than or equal to 138 percent of the poverty threshold. Eligibility for Medicaid was expanded earlier this year up to this threshold in participating states, i.e., those that allow Medicaid expansion. The second income category is new to the health insurance estimates this year: families with incomes between 138 percent and 400 percent of the poverty threshold. Under the law, these families can receive tax credits that will help them pay for health coverage contracted through the new health insurance exchanges.

"These new statistics on health coverage by income can be used as a baseline for policymakers and researchers studying the impacts of health care policy changes at state and local levels in the future," said Lucinda Dalzell, chief of the Census Bureau's Small Area Estimates Branch.

Other highlights:

68.2 percent of counties in the Northeast and 36.1 percent of counties in the Midwest have uninsured rates below 12.5 percent. Compare this to the South and the West, where only 2.6 percent and 2.5 percent of counties, respectively, have an uninsured rate below 12.5 percent.

In every county, the uninsured rate for children under age 19 was lower than working-age adults, ages 18 to 64, except for four counties in Nevada, which saw no statistical difference.

For the population younger than 65 living at or below 138 percent of poverty, non-Hispanic blacks had a lower uninsured rate than non-Hispanic whites in 34 states. Hispanics had a higher uninsured rate than non-Hispanic whites for every state but Hawaii, which was not statistically different.

The release includes a 2012 highlights document that describes demographic and economic differences in health insurance status across states and counties, as well as time trends in health insurance status. Also available is an interactive data and mapping tool. This tool allows users to create and download state and county custom tables and thematic maps for all concepts available annually for 2006 through 2012 and state health insurance coverage time trend charts. The tool is an easy way for states to evaluate their potential program participants.

Background on the program

The Small Area Health Insurance Estimates program models coverage by combining survey data with population estimates and administrative records. Specifically, it uses the American Community Survey, demographic population estimates, aggregated federal tax returns, participation records for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, County Business Patterns, Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program participation records, and the 2010 Census.

American Community Survey data are essential to the production of Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. Later this year, the Census Bureau will release American Community Survey health insurance coverage estimates in three stages: first, 2013 data for counties and other areas with a population of 65,000 or more; next, similar estimates for areas with a population of 20,000 or more using data collected from 2011 to 2013; finally, statistics for all areas, regardless of size, based on American Community Survey data collected from 2009 to 2013.

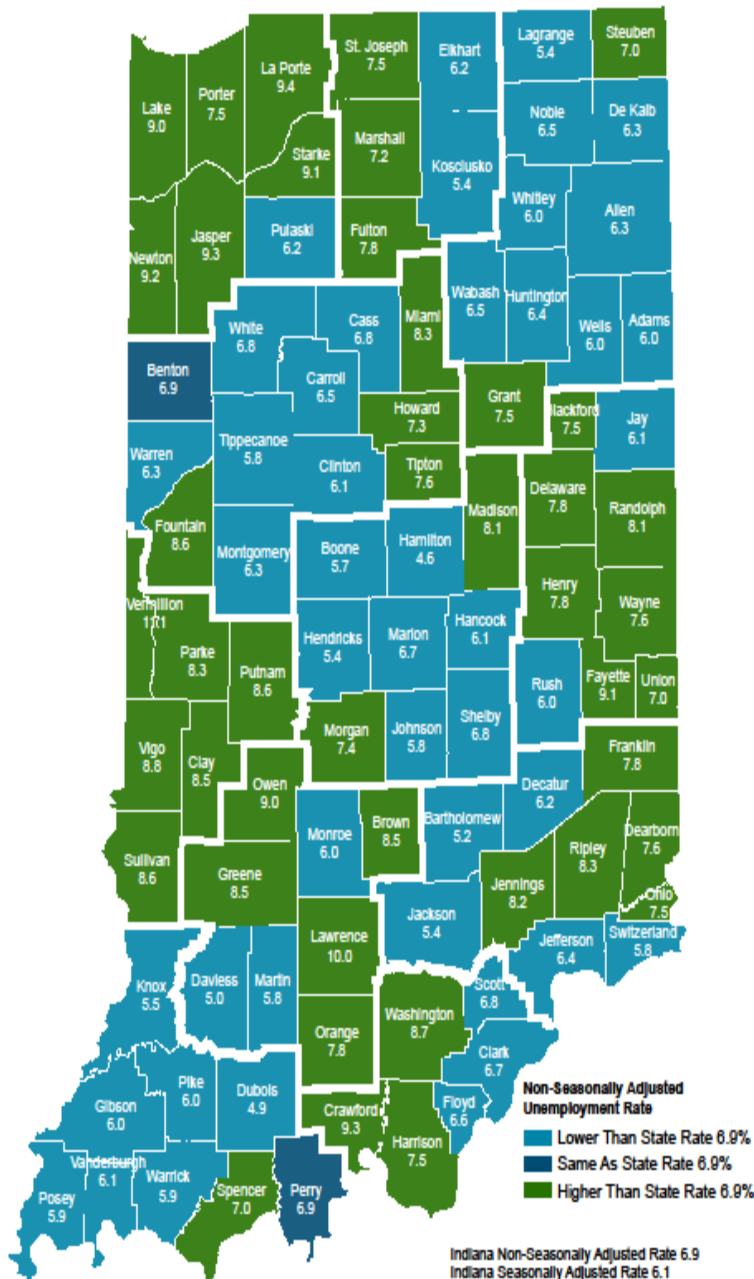
Frequently Listed Jobs

Top 20 Job listings by number of openings in Region 9 for the month of February 2014

- 1 Maintenance Workers, Machinery
- 2 Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other
- 3 Personal Care Aides
- 4 Production Workers, All Other
- 5 Machinists
- 6 Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic
- 7 Order Fillers, Wholesale and Retail Sales
- 8 Construction Carpenters
- 9 Helpers--Production Workers
- 10 Door-To-Door Sales Workers, News and Street Vendors, and Related Workers
- 11 Marketing Managers
- 12 Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners
- 13 Engineers, All Other
- 14 Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal and Plastic
- 15 Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational Counselors
- 16 Industrial Engineers
- 17 Stock Clerks-Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard
- 18 Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters
- 19 Healthcare Support Workers, All Other
- 20 Accountants

Source: Indiana Department of Workforce Development, Indiana Career Connect

County Unemployment Rates February 2014



Questions?

Please contact the DWD Research and Analysis representative listed below:

Jillian A. Nead
janead@dwd.in.gov

110 Walnut Street
Lawrenceburg, IN 47024

(812)-537-1117 ext 234